

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name

BioNPX

Product number Brand NPX-0500, NPX-1000, NPX-5000 ReefX®

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Liquid carbon source for biological control of nitrates and phosphates in marine awuaria.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

NameLive Reef LtdAddress8-9 Mountbatten RoadEX16 6SW Tiverton DevonUKTelephone+44 (0)800 8620270emailinfo@livereef.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Live Reef Distribution Ltd +44 (0)800 8620270

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

- Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6), Cat. 3, H226

For the full text corresponding to the "H"-codes displayed in this section, refer to Section 16.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Warning

Hazard statement(s) H226

Flammable liquid and vapor



Precautionary statement(s)

P210

P233

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Components

1. Ethanol Concentration	22 - 25 % (volume)	
Other names / synonyms	ABSOLUTE ETHANOL; Alcohol; ALCOHOL DEHYDRATED; ALCOHOL, ANHYDROUS; Alcoholum / ethanolum; ALGRAIN; ANHYDROL; COLOGNE SPIRIT; COLOGNE SPIRITS (ALCOHOL); ETHANOL 200 PROOF; ETHANOL SOLUTION; ETHYL ALCOHOL; ETHYL ALCOHOL ANHYDROUS; ETHYL HYDRATE; ETHYL HYDROXIDE; FERMENTATION ALCOHOL; GRAIN ALCOHOL; JAYSOL; JAYSOL S; METHYLCARBINOL; MOLASSES ALCOHOL; NCI-C03134; POTATO ALCOHOL; SD ALCOHOL 23-HYDROGEN; SPIRIT; SPIRITS OF WINE; TECSOL; UN 1170	
EC no.	200-578-6	
CAS no.	64-17-5	
Index no.	603-002-00-5	
- Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6), Cat. 2		
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor	
2. Acetic acid		
Concentration	3 - 5 % (volume)	
Other names / synonyms	acetic acid %; ACETIC ACID, conc.>90%; ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL; ACETICACID; Acidum aceticum; ETHANOIC ACID; ETHYLIC ACID; GLACIAL ACETIC ACID; METHANECARBOXYLIC ACID; UN 2789; UN 2790; VINEGAR ACID	
EC no.	200-580-7	
CAS no.	64-19-7	
Index no.	607-002-00-6	
- Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6), Cat. 3 - Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 1A		
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage	



3. Methanol Concentration	<= 3 % (volume)
Other names / synonyms	CARBINOL; COLONIAL SPIRIT; COLUMBIAN SPIRIT; Methyl alcohol; METHYL HYDROXIDE; METHYLALCOHOL; METHYLOL; MONOHYDROXYMETHANE; NA 1230 (DOT); PYROXYLIC SPIRIT; RCRA WASTE NUMBER U154; UN 1230 (DOT); WOOD ALCOHOL; WOOD NAPHTHA; WOOD SPIRIT
EC no.	200-659-6
CAS no.	67-56-1
Index no.	603-001-00-X

- Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6), Cat. 2
- Acute toxicity, inhalation (chapter 3.1), Cat. 3
- Acute toxicity, dermal (chapter 3.1), Cat. 3
- Acute toxicity, oral (chapter 3.1), Cat. 3
- Specific target organ toxicity following single exposure (chapter 3.8), Cat. 1

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H370	Causes damage to organs [organs, route]

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Following inhalation	Remove the victim from site of exposure to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.
Following skin contact	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention if rash develops or if concerned.
Following eye contact	In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Following ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious, wash mouth thoroughly with plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

- **4.2** Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed See section 2 and section 11.
- **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** No data available.



SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use extinguishing media suitable to the surroundings such as, dry chemical powder, chemical foam, water spray and carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable liquid and vapour.

Flammable vapours may be produced if heated.

When heated sufficiently, product may decompose to form smoke and toxic fumes, gases or vapours that may cause dizziness.

Toxic fumes such as carbon oxides may be evolved on thermal decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ventilate area of spill.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Avoid inhalation of vapors, mist or gas.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep only in original container.

Avoid large temperature changes and store in a cool, dry, well ventilated environment away from direct sunlight. Keep containers closed when not in use.



Keep away from oxidising compounds, reducing agents, alkali metals, ammonia, peroxides, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

1. Ethanol (CAS: 64-17-5) Parameter Route of exposure Value Source Basis / monitoring / notes	PEL Inhalation 1000 ppm OSHA OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov
Parameter	PEL
Route of exposure	Inhalation
Value	1900 mg/m3
Source	OSHA
Basis / monitoring / notes	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov
Parameter	PEL
Route of exposure	Inhalation
Value	1000 ppm
Source	Cal/OSHA
Basis / monitoring / notes	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov
Parameter	REL
Route of exposure	Inhalation
Value	1000 ppm
Source	NIOSH
Basis / monitoring / notes	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov
Country	USA
Parameter	TLV®
Route of exposure	Inhalation
Value	(ST) 1000 ppm
Source	ACGIH
Basis / monitoring / notes	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov
2. Acetic acid (CAS: 64-19-7 EC: 20	0-580-7)
Country	USA
Parameter	PEL
Route of exposure	Inhalation
Value	10 ppm
Source	OSHA
Basis / monitoring / notes	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov
Country	USA
Parameter	PEL-ST
Route of exposure	Inhalation
Value	10 ppm, (ST) 15 ppm, (C) 40 ppm
Source	Cal/OSHA
Basis / monitoring / notes	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov
Country	USA
Parameter	REL
Route of exposure	Inhalation



Value 10 ppm, (ST) 15 ppm Source NIOSH Basis / monitoring / notes OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov USA Country TLV® Parameter Route of exposure Inhalation Value 10 ppm, (ST) 15 ppm Source ACGIH Basis / monitoring / notes OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov USA Country Parameter TWA Route of exposure Inhalation Value 10 ppm Source ACGIH Basis / monitoring / notes USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)/ Pulmonary function USA Country STEL Parameter Route of exposure Inhalation Value 15 ppm ACGIH Source USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)/Pulmonary function.Upper Basis / monitoring / notes Respiratory Tract irritation. Eye irritation USA Country Parameter ST Route of exposure Inhalation Value 15 ppm 37 mg/m3 Source NIOSH Basis / monitoring / notes USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits/ Can be found in concentrations of 5-8% in vinegar USA Country TWA Parameter Route of exposure Inhalation Value 10 ppm 25 mg/m3 Source NIOSH Basis / monitoring / notes USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits/ Can be found in concentrations of 5-8% in vinegar Country USA TWA Parameter Route of exposure Inhalation 10 ppm Value 25 mg/m3 Source OSHA Basis / monitoring / notes USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants USA Country Parameter **PEL-TWA** Route of exposure Inhalation Value 10 ppm 25 mg/m3 Cal/OSHA Source





Basis / monitoring / notes	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
Country Parameter Route of exposure Value 37 mg/m3	USA PEL-TWA Inhalation 15 ppm
Source Basis / monitoring / notes	Cal/OSHA California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
Country Parameter Route of exposure Value Source Basis / monitoring / notes	USA C Inhalation 40 ppm Cal/OSHA California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
Country Parameter Route of exposure Value Source Basis / monitoring / notes	USA PEL Inhalation 10 ppm, (ST) 15 ppm, (C) 40 ppm Cal/OSHA OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov
Country Parameter Route of exposure Value 25 mg/m3	USA PEL Inhalation 10 ppm
Source Basis / monitoring / notes	Cal/OSHA California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
Country Parameter Route of exposure Value	USA STEL Inhalation 15 ppm
37 mg/m3 Source Basis / monitoring / notes	Cal/OSHA California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
3. Methanol (CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 20 Parameter Route of exposure Value Source Basis / monitoring / notes	00-659-6) PEL-TWA Inhalation 200 ppm, 260 mg/m3 OSHA Headache. Nausea. Dizziness. Eye damage Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices Danger of cutaneous absorption
Parameter Route of exposure Value Source	PEL-TWA Inhalation 200 ppm Cal/OSHA
Parameter	PEL-ST



Route of exposure	Inhalation
Value	250 ppm
Source	Cal/OSHA
Parameter	PEL-C
Route of exposure	Inhalation
Value	1000 ppm
Source	Cal/OSHA
Parameter	PEL-ST
Route of exposure	Inhalation
Value	250 ppm
Source	NIOSH
Parameter	REL-TWA
Route of exposure	Inhalation
Value	200 ppm
Source	NIOSH
Parameter	TLV®
Route of exposure	Inhalation
Value	200 ppm
Source	ACGIH
Parameter	TLV®
Route of exposure	Inhalation
Value	250 ppm (ST)
Source	ACGIH

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or others engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommend exposure limits.

If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal protection equipment



Eye and face protection Wear protective safety glasses.

Skin protection

During normal non-professional use of the preparation no personal protective equipment is required. However, in case of manufacture or spillage, use as appropriate to the size of the spill.

Respiratory protection

Disposable particulate mask. Be sure to use an approved/certified equipment or equivalent equipment. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.



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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Odour Odour threshold bН Melting point / freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range Flash point Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability limits Upper/lower explosive limits Vapour pressure Vapour density Relative density Solubilit(ies) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity Explosive properties Oxidising properties

Clear, slightly red liquid Alcoholic No data available No data available No data available No data available 36°C-39°C (estimated) No data available Vapour from liquid maybe combustible No data available Soluble in water No data available No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions described.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous reactions are not expected, under normal conditions of storage and use.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Long term exposure to heat, direct sunlight and sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidising compounds, reducing agents, alkali metals, ammonia, peroxides, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions - Carbon oxides. Other decomposition products - No data available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information



11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Ethanol, LD50, Rat, 7,060 mg/kg (oral) Ethanol, LC50, Rat, > 20,000 ppm/10H (inhalation) Acetic acid, LD50, Rat, 3,310 mg/kg (oral) Acetic acid, LC50, Rat, > 11,000 mg/m3/4H (inhalation) Methaol, LD50, Rat, > 5,500 mg/kg (oral) Methaol, LC50, Rat, > 60,000 ppm/4H (inhalation)

Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available.

Serious eye damage/irritation No data available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

No compounds present in the preparation have been identified as having sensitizing properties.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No compounds present in the preparation have been identified as having mutagenic properties.

Carcinogenicity

No compounds present in the preparation have been identified as having carcinogenic properties.

Reproductive toxicity

No compounds present in the preparation have been identified as having reproductive toxicity properties.

STOT-single exposure

No data available.

STOT-repeated exposure

No data available.

Aspiration hazard

No data available.

Additional information

The preparation contains acetic acid and may cause local damage in contact with tissue of the eyes and skin. Inhalation of spray or mist may irritate the respiratory system and ingestion may damage the linings of the mouth, throat and gastro-intestinal tract.

The preparation contains methanol which may be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed and cannot be made non-poisonous. Effects due to ingestion may include; nausea, dizziness, gastrointestinal disturbance, weakness, confusion. Drowsiness or unconsciousness.

Another volatile compound is present and could cause central nervous system depression, nausea, dizziness, narcosis and damage to the heart.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity



No data available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Will readily bio-degrade in the environment.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

no dala avaliable.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Though there is no specific information on the mobility of compounds in the preparation, they are soluble under normal environmental conditions in water so would also be expected to be highly mobile in soil.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal of the product

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with national and local environmental control regulations.

Disposal of contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal.

SECTION 14: Transport information			
14.2 14.3	UN Number UN Proper Shipping Name Transport hazard class(es) Packing group	1993 Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Ethanol) 3 III	
14.6	 Special precautions for user Road (ADR): Limited quantities: Combination packagings: not more than 5 litres per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not contain more than 30 litres. 		

Rail (RID):

Limited quantities: Combination packagings: not more than 5 litres per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not cotnain more than 30 litres.

Inland waterways (ADN): Limited quantities: Combination packagings: not more than 5 litres per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not contain more than 30 litres.

Sea (IMDG/IMSBC): Limited quantities: Combination packagings: not more than 5 litres per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not contain more than 30 litres. Air (ICAO-IT/IATA-DGR): Passenger limited maximum quantity: Y309 - 10 litres. Passenger maximum quantity: 309 - Maximum quantity 60 litres.



Packing instruction - 310. Cargo maximum quantity per packaging: 309 - Maximum quantity 220 litres.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

California Prop. 65 Components Chemical name: Methanol CAS number: 67-56-1 16/03/2012 - Developmental toxicity

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. CAS-No. 64-17-5: Ethanol

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. CAS-No. 64-17-5: Ethanol

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Ethanol CAS number: 64-17-5

Acetic acid CAS number: 64-19-7

Chemical name: Methanol CAS number: 67-56-1

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Common name: ETHYL ALCOHOL CAS number: 64-17-5

Acetic acid CAS number: 64-19-7

Chemical name: Methanol CAS number: 67-56-1

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Ethanol CAS number: 64-17-5

Acetic acid CAS number: 64-19-7

Chemical name: Methanol CAS number: 67-56-1





SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

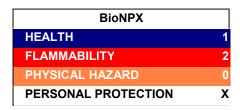
SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Not available.

HMIS Rating



NFPA Rating



SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of hazard statements referenced in Section 2

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor

Further information/disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.